

Labour Force Survey

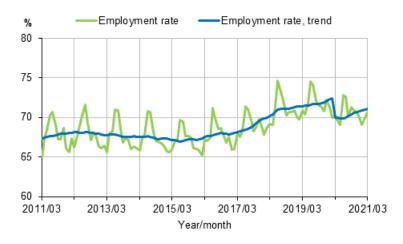
Labour Force Survey 2021, March and 1st quarter

Number of employed persons in March higher than one year ago

Corrected on 27 July 2021. Up-to-date trend figures can be found in the latest release. The corrections are indicated in red.

According to Statistics Finland's Labour Force Survey, the number of employed people was 22,000 higher in March 2021 than one year ago. There were 28,000 more unemployed persons than in March 2020. The trend of the employment rate was 71.1 per cent and the trend of the unemployment rate was 7.7 per cent.

Employment rate and trend of employment rate 2011/03–2021/03, persons aged 15–64



Employment and unemployment vary quite considerably by month and the change from the observation of the previous month mainly describes the seasonal aspect rather than the trend in development. Thus, the latest statistical data are compared to the corresponding period of the year before. By contrast, the figures of the trend series that are adjusted for seasonal and random variation are mutually comparable and phenomena associated with long-term development and cyclical changes are thus more easily observable from the trend of the time series.

The trend usually changes somewhat when the data of the following month are included in the time series. The preliminary nature of the latest trend figures should be considered when making conclusions. The fall in employment in spring 2020 was interpreted as a level shift in the seasonal adjustment model. The figures reported in this release are **not adjusted for seasonal variation** unless separately mentioned that they concern the trend. Find out more about the trend here.

The data content, data collection and estimation method of the Labour Force Survey were revised at the beginning of 2021. Starting from the release for March and the first quarter of 2021, the data according to the new estimation method are final. The most important key figures from the corrected time series are published in the StatFin database service. Other corrected time series will be published during 2021.

The final Labour Force Survey data concerning January and February 2020 and 2021 have been published in connection with the data for March and the 1st quarter. Previously released data were preliminary and they have been revised due to the adjustment of the estimation method.

In March 2021, the number of **employed persons** was 2,496,000 (margin of \pm 30,000), which was 22,000 more than a year earlier. The number of employed men was 21,000 higher and that of employed women was unchanged from March 2020.

In March, the **employment rate**, that is, the proportion of the employed among persons aged 15 to 64, stood at 70.7 per cent, having been 70.2 per cent one year earlier. From last year's March, the employment rate of men aged 15 to 64 rose by 0.8 percentage points to 71.3 per cent and that of women by 0.2 percentage points to 70.0 per cent. The employment rate of those aged 20 to 69 was 68.9 per cent, which was the same as one year before.

According to Statistics Finland's Labour Force Survey, there were 223,000 unemployed in March 2021, which was 28,000 more than one year earlier. The number of unemployed men was 122,000 and that of women 101,000.

In March, **the unemployment rate**, the proportion of the employed among the labour force stood at 8.2 per cent, having been 7.3 per cent one year earlier. From last year's March, men's unemployment rate rose by 0.8 percentage points to 8.6 per cent and women's by 1.0 percentage points to 7.8 per cent.

In March, the unemployment rate for people aged 15 to 24 stood at 22.2 per cent, which was 3.8 percentage points lower than one year previously. The trend of the unemployment rate among young people was 18.7 per cent. The share of unemployed young people aged 15 to 24 among the population in the same age group was 11.2 per cent.

There were 1,404,000 persons aged 15 to 74 in the **inactive population** in March 2021, which was 57,000 fewer than the one year earlier.

Changes in employment 2020/03 – 2021/03 according to Statistics Finland's Labour Force Survey, population aged 15 to 74 (Table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

	Year/Month		Change
	2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
	1000 person	S	Per cent, %
Population total	4 130	4 124	-0,2
Active population total	2 669	2 719	1,9
Employed	2 474	2 496	0,9
- employees	2 116	2 121	0,2
- self-employed persons and unpaid family workers	358	375	4,9
Unemployed	195	223	14,5
Inactive population	1 461	1 404	-3,9
	Per cent, %		Percentage points
Employment rate, persons aged 15–64	70,2	70,7	0,5
Employment rate, persons aged 20–69	68,9	68,9	0,0
Unemployment rate	7,3	8,2	0,9
Activity rate	64,6	65,9	1,3
Unrounded figures are used in the Change column. The data comply with the ILO/EU definition.			

Labour Force Survey data for the first quarter of 2021

In the first quarter (January to March) of 2021, the average number of **employed persons** was 2,476,000, or 15,000 fewer than in the corresponding quarter of 2020. The number of employed persons decreased most in transportation and storage (H) and increased most in wholesale and retail trade (G).

The number of hours worked by employed persons was 997.7 million hours in the first quarter of 2021.

The average number of **unemployed persons** in the first quarter of 2021 was 228,000, which was 37,000 more than in January to March 2020. The **unemployment rate** in the first quarter of 2021 was 8.4 per cent, which was 1.3 percentage points higher than a year earlier.

In the first quarter of 2021, the number of persons in the **inactive population** was 1,422,000, which was 28,000 fewer than a year earlier.

Changes in employment 2020/I – 2021/I according to Statistics Finland's Labour Force Survey, population aged 15 to 74 (Table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

	Year/Quarter	Change			
	2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I		
	1000 person	Per cent (%)			
Active population total	2 681	2 703	0,8		
Employed persons total	2 491	2 476	-0,6		
Unemployed total	191	228	19,5		
– men	107	128	19,4		
– women	84	100	19,7		
Inactive population	1 450	1 422	-1,9		
Unrounded figures are used in the Change column. The data comply with the ILO/EU definition.					

Employment Service Statistics of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment

At the end of March 2021, there were altogether 332,000 persons registered in accordance with the Employment Office Regulations as job seekers at **the employment and economic development offices** and in local government pilots. The number of unemployed job seekers was 22,000 higher than in March last year.

Unemployment rose in March from the corresponding period last year in the areas of five Centres for Economic Development, Transport and the Environment; most in Uusimaa (23%), Häme (9%) and Southwest Finland (7%). The number of unemployed job seekers decreased in the areas of 10 Employment and Economic Development Centres; most in Kainuu (-13%), South Ostrobothnia (-11%) and North Savo (-8%). At the end of March, the number of fully laid off persons was 63,000, which was 3,000 fewer than twelve months earlier.

The number of persons engaged in services included in the activation rate totalled 117,000 at the end of March, which was 2,000 fewer than in March of the year before. Altogether, 4.3 per cent of the labour force was covered by labour market policy services.

There were 41,000 unemployed job seekers aged under 25. Their number was unchanged from last year's March. During this March, 78,000 new vacancies were reported, which was 14,000 more than in March last year.

Changes 2020/03–2021/03 according to the Employment Service Statistics of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment

	Year/Month		Change
	2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
	1000 persor	ns	Per cent, %
Unemployed job seekers	309	332	7,3
- unemployed over a year	65	104	60,3
Services, total	119	117	-1,8
- employed	23	25	8,1
in labour market training, in training	25	27	9,7
 engaged in work/training trials 	8	6	-18,1
 as a job alternation substitute, in rehabilitative work, self-motivated studies supported by unemployment benefit 	64	59	-7,8
New vacancies at employment and economic development offices	63	78	22,3
Unrounded figures are used in the Change column.			1

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Links

Labour Force Survey tables in databases:

Monthly tables 135y and 135z contain the retrospectively corrected time series that replace monthly tables 11af and 11ag transferred to the archive of the StatFin statistical database.

About seasonally adjusted trend

The accuracy of figures are explained in the quality description of the Labour Force Survey.

Comparison between the employment statistics of Statistics Finland and the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment

Job vacancy survey

The latest seasonally adjusted employment figures published by the EU and the latest data on open job vacancies published by the EU can be found on Eurostat's home page http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat.

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Appendix tables 2021, March

Appendix table 1. Key indicators in the Labour Force Survey by sex 2020/03 - 2021/03 (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Month		Change
		2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
		Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Indicator	Sex			
Employment rate, persons aged 15-64	Both sexes	70,2	70,7	0,5
	Males	70,6	71,3	0,8
	Females	69,8	70,0	0,2
Unemployment rate, persons aged 15-74	Both sexes	7,3	8,2	0,9
	Males	7,8	8,6	0,8
	Females	6,8	7,8	1,0
Activity rate, persons aged 15–74	Both sexes	64,6	65,9	1,3
	Males	66,7	68,5	1,8
	Females	62,5	63,4	0,8

Appendix table 2. Population aged 15-74 by labour force status and sex 2020/03 - 2021/03 (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Month		Change	Change
		2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Sex	Labour force status				
Both	Population total	4 130	4 124	-7	-0,2
sexes	Active population total	2 669	2 719	50	1,9
	- employed	2 474	2 496	22	0,9
	- unemployed	195	223	28	14,5
	Inactive population	1 461	1 404	-57	-3,9
Males	Population total	2 077	2 075	-2	-0,1
	Active population total	1 385	1 420	36	2,6
	- employed	1 277	1 298	21	1,7
	- unemployed	108	122	14	13,3
	Inactive population	692	654	-38	-5,4
Females	Population total	2 054	2 049	-5	-0,2
	Active population total	1 284	1 299	14	1,1
	- employed	1 197	1 198	0	0,0
	- unemployed	87	101	14	16,0
	Inactive population	769	750	-19	-2,5

Appendix table 3. Population by sex and age 2020/03 - 2021/03

		Year/Month		Change	Change
		2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Sex	Age group				
Both	15-74	4 130	4 124	-7	-0,2
sexes	15-64	3 422	3 417	-5	-0,1
	15-24	609	607	-3	-0,5
	25-34	707	709	1	0,2
	35-44	708	713	4	0,6
	45-54	669	665	-4	-0,7
	55-64	728	725	-3	-0,5
	65-74	708	706	-2	-0,3
Males	15-74	2 077	2 075	-2	-0,1
	15-64	1 743	1 747	5	0,3
	15-24	313	312	-1	-0,3
	25-34	361	363	3	0,7
	35-44	368	369	1	0,2
	45-54	339	342	2	0,7
	55-64	361	362	0	0,1
	65-74	334	327	-7	-2,0
Females	15-74	2 054	2 049	-5	-0,2
	15-64	1 680	1 670	-10	-0,6
	15-24	296	294	-2	-0,6
	25-34	346	345	-1	-0,3
	35-44	341	344	4	1,0
	45-54	330	323	-7	-2,0
	55-64	367	363	-4	-1,0
	65-74	374	379	5	1,3

Appendix table 4. Active population by sex and age 2020/03 - 2021/03 (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Month		Change	Change
		2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Sex	Age group				
Both	15-74	2 669	2 719	50	1,9
sexes	15-64	2 598	2 637	40	1,5
	15-24	290	307	17	5,8
	25-34	580	589	10	1,6
	35-44	614	633	20	3,2
	45-54	587	585	-2	-0,3
	55-64	527	523	-4	-0,8
	65-74	72	82	10	14,5
Males	15-74	1 385	1 420	36	2,6
	15-64	1 338	1 368	31	2,3
	15-24	138	157	18	13,2
	25-34	314	311	-4	-1,2
	35-44	331	340	8	2,5
	45-54	292	298	6	2,0
	55-64	261	263	2	0,8
	65-74	47	52	5	10,5
Females	15-74	1 284	1 299	14	1,1
	15-64	1 260	1 269	9	0,7
	15-24	152	150	-2	-1,0
	25-34	265	279	13	5,0
	35-44	282	294	11	4,1
	45-54	294	287	-8	-2,6
	55-64	266	260	-7	-2,5
	65-74	24	30	5	22,1

Appendix table 5. Activity rates by sex and age 2020/03 - 2021/03 (Tabellbilagan har korrigerats 27.7.2021.)

		Year/Month		Change
		2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
		Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Sex	Age group			
Both	15-74	64,6	65,9	1,3
sexes	15-64	75,9	77,2	1,3
	15-24	47,6	50,6	3,0
	25-34	82,0	83,2	1,2
	35-44	86,6	88,9	2,2
	45-54	87,7	88,0	0,3
	55-64	72,4	72,1	-0,3
	65-74	10,1	11,6	1,5
Males	15-74	66,7	68,5	1,8
	15-64	76,8	78,3	1,5
	15-24	44,2	50,2	6,0
	25-34	87,1	85,5	-1,6
	35-44	90,1	92,1	2,0
	45-54	86,2	87,3	1,1
	55-64	72,3	72,8	0,5
	65-74	14,1	15,9	1,8
Females	15-74	62,5	63,4	0,8
	15-64	75,0	76,0	1,0
	15-24	51,2	51,0	-0,2
	25-34	76,6	80,7	4,1
	35-44	82,9	85,4	2,5
	45-54	89,2	88,7	-0,5
	55-64	72,6	71,5	-1,1
	65-74	6,5	7,9	1,3

Appendix table 6. Employed persons by sex and age 2020/03 - 2021/03

		Year/Month		Change	Change
		2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Sex	Age group				
Both	15-74	2 474	2 496	22	0,9
sexes	15-64	2 403	2 416	13	0,5
	15-24	215	239	24	11,2
	25-34	534	545	11	2,1
	35-44	590	600	11	1,8
	45-54	570	555	-15	-2,6
	55-64	494	477	-18	-3,6
	65-74	71	80	9	12,3
Males	15-74	1 277	1 298	21	1,7
	15-64	1 230	1 247	17	1,3
	15-24	99	121	22	22,2
	25-34	289	286	-4	-1,3
	35-44	318	319	1	0,3
	45-54	281	278	-4	-1,3
	55-64	242	243	1	0,3
	65-74	47	52	5	10,3
Females	15-74	1 197	1 198	0	0,0
	15-64	1 173	1 169	-3	-0,3
	15-24	116	117	2	1,6
	25-34	245	260	15	6,0
	35-44	271	281	10	3,6
	45-54	288	277	-11	-3,9
	55-64	252	234	-18	-7,3
	65-74	24	28	4	16,3

Appendix table 7. Employment rates by sex and age 2020/03 - 2021/03

		Year/Month		Change
		2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
		Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Sex	Age group			
Both	15-74	59,9	60,5	0,6
sexes	15-64	70,2	70,7	0,5
	15-24	35,3	39,4	4,1
	25-34	75,6	77,0	1,4
	35-44	83,2	84,2	1,0
	45-54	85,2	83,5	-1,7
	55-64	67,9	65,8	-2,1
	65-74	10,1	11,3	1,3
Males	15-74	61,5	62,6	1,1
	15-64	70,6	71,3	0,8
	15-24	31,7	38,9	7,2
	25-34	80,2	78,6	-1,6
	35-44	86,5	86,5	0,0
	45-54	82,9	81,3	-1,6
	55-64	67,0	67,2	0,2
	65-74	14,0	15,8	1,8
Females	15-74	58,3	58,4	0,2
	15-64	69,8	70,0	0,2
	15-24	39,0	39,9	0,9
	25-34	70,8	75,2	4,5
	35-44	79,7	81,7	2,0
	45-54	87,4	85,7	-1,7
	55-64	68,8	64,4	-4,4
	65-74	6,5	7,5	1,0

Appendix table 8. Employed persons aged 15-74 by status in employment 2020/03 - 2021/03

	Year/Month (Change	Change	
	2020/03 2021/03		2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %	
Status in employment					
Employed persons total	2 474	2 496	22	0,9	
Employees total	2 116	2 121	4	0,2	
Self-employed persons and unpaid family workers	358	375	18	4,9	

Appendix table 9. Employed persons aged 15-74 by employer sector 2020/03 - 2021/03

	Year/Month	Year/Month		Change
	2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Employer sector				
Employer sector total (incl. employer sector unknown)	2 474	2 496	22	0,9
Private sector	1 844	1 868	24	1,3
Public sector	626	616	-10	-1,5
- central government	140	143	3	2,3
- local government	486	473	-13	-2,6

Appendix table 10. Employed persons aged 15-74 by Regional State Administrative Agencies (AVI) 2020/03 - 2021/03

	Year/Month		Change	Change
	2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Regional State Administrative Agencies				
Whole country (incl. Åland)	2 474	2 496	22	0,9
Southern Finland AVI	1 090	1 144	54	4,9
Southwestern Finland AVI	317	310	-7	-2,2
Eastern Finland AVI	214	237	23	10,8
Western and Inland Finland AVI	550	530	-20	-3,6
Northern Finland AVI	210	194	-15	-7,3
Lapland AVI	78	66	-12	-15,8

Appendix table 11. Part-time employed persons aged 15-74 by sex 2020/03 - 2021/03

	Year/Month (Change	Change
	2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Sex				
Both sexes	428	464	36	8,4
Males	154	175	20	13,2
Females	274	290	16	5,8

Appendix table 12. Proportion of part-time employed persons in all employed persons aged 15-74 by sex 2020/03 - 2021/03, %

	Year/Month		Change
	2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
	Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Sex			
Both sexes	17,3	18,6	1,3
Males	12,1	13,5	1,4
Females	22,9	24,2	1,3

Appendix table 13. Employees aged 15-74 by type of employment relationship 2020/03 - 2021/03

	Year/Month		Change	Change
	2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Employment relationship				
Employees total	2 116	2 121	4	0,2
- permanent full-time work	1 599	1 565	-34	-2,1
- permanent part-time work	246	246	0	0,0
- temporary (fixed-term) full-time work	174	192	18	10,4
- temporary (fixed-term) part-time work	97	117	20	20,6
Temporary (fixed-term) work total	271	309	38	14,0
Part-time work total	343	363	20	5,9

Appendix table 14. Employees aged 15-74 by type of employment relationship 2020/03 - 2021/03, %

	Year/Month		Change
	2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
	Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Employees total	100,0	100,0	0,0
- permanent full-time work	75,6	73,8	-1,7
- permanent part-time work	11,6	11,6	0,0
- temporary (fixed-term) full-time work	8,2	9,1	0,8
- temporary (fixed-term) part-time work	4,6	5,5	0,9
Temporary (fixed-term) work total	12,8	14,6	1,8
Part-time work total	16,2	17,1	0,9

Appendix table 15. Unemployed persons by sex and age 2020/03 - 2021/03 (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Month		Change	Change
		2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Sex	Age group				
Both	15-74	195	223	28	14,5
sexes	15-64	195	222	27	13,7
	15-24	75	68	-7	-9,6
	25-34	46	44	-1	-3,2
	35-44	24	33	9	37,3
	45-54	17	30	13	78,7
	55-64	33	46	13	39,8
Males	15-74	108	122	14	13,3
	15-64	108	122	14	13,2
	15-24	39	35	-4	-9,7
	25-34	25	25	0	-0,3
	35-44	13	21	7	55,2
	45-54	11	20	9	86,4
	55-64	19	20	1	7,0
Females	15-74	87	101	14	16,0
	15-64	87	100	13	14,4
	15-24	36	33	-3	-9,4
	25-34	20	19	-1	-6,7
	35-44	11	13	2	15,5
	45-54	6	10	4	64,6
	55-64	14	26	12	84,7

Appendix table 16. Unemployment rates by sex and age 2020/03 - 2021/03 (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Month		Change
		2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03
		Per cent, % Per cent, % I		Percentage points
Sex	Age group			
Both	15-74	7,3	8,2	0,9
sexes	15-64	7,5	8,4	0,9
	15-24	25,9	22,2	-3,8
	25-34	7,8	7,5	-0,4
	35-44	3,9	5,2	1,3
	45-54	2,9	5,1	2,3
	55-64	6,3	8,8	2,6
Males	15-74	7,8	8,6	0,8
	15-64	8,0	8,9	0,9
	15-24	28,2	22,5	-5,7
	25-34	8,0	8,1	0,1
	35-44	4,0	6,1	2,1
	45-54	3,7	6,8	3,1
	55-64	7,3	7,8	0,4
Females	15-74	6,8	7,8	1,0
	15-64	6,9	7,9	0,9
	15-24	23,9	21,8	-2,0
	25-34	7,7	6,8	-0,9
	35-44	3,9	4,3	0,4
	45-54	2,0	3,4	1,4
	55-64	5,2	9,9	4,7

Appendix table 17. Unemployment rates by Regional State Administrative Agencies (AVI) 2020/03 - 2021/03, persons aged 15-74 (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

	Year/Month		Change	
	2020/03	2021/03	2020/03 - 2021/03	
	Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points	
Regional State Administrative Agencies				
Whole country (incl. Åland)	7,3	8,2	0,9	
Southern Finland AVI	6,9	8,6	1,7	
Southwestern Finland AVI	6,8	7,6	0,9	
Eastern Finland AVI	9,9	7,1	-2,8	
Western and Inland Finland AVI	7,4	8,5	1,1	
Northern Finland AVI	8,1	6,4	-1,7	
Lapland AVI				

Appendix table 18 is not published. Up-to-date trend figures can be found in the latest release.

Appendix table 18 is not published.
Up-to-date trend figures can be found in the latest release.

Appendix tables 2021, 1st quarter

Appendix table 19. Key indicators in the Labour Force Survey by sex 2020/I - 2021/I (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Quarte	r	Change
	2		2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Indicator	Sex			
Employment rate, persons aged 15-64	Both sexes	70,6	70,0	-0,6
	Males	71,0	70,4	-0,6
	Females	70,1	69,6	-0,5
Unemployment rate, persons aged 15-74	Both sexes	7,1	8,4	1,3
	Males	7,7	9,1	1,4
	Females	6,5	7,7	1,2
Activity rate, persons aged 15–74	Both sexes	64,9	65,5	0,6
	Males	67,1	67,9	0,7
	Females	62,6	63,1	0,5

Appendix table 20. Population aged 15-74 by labour force status and sex 2020/I - 2021/I (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change	
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %	
Sex	Labour force status					
Both	Population total	4 131	4 126	-6	-0,1	
sexes	Active population total	2 681	2 703	22	0,8	
	- employed	2 491	2 476	-15	-0,6	
	- unemployed	191	228	37	19,5	
	Inactive population	1 450	1 422	-28	-1,9	
Males	Population total	2 077	2 076	-2	-0,1	
	Active population total	1 395	1 409	14	1,0	
	- employed	1 288	1 281	-7	-0,5	
	- unemployed	107	128	21	19,4	
	Inactive population	683	667	-16	-2,3	
Females	Population total	2 054	2 050	-4	-0,2	
	Active population total	1 286	1 295	8	0,6	
	- employed	1 203	1 195	-8	-0,7	
	- unemployed	84	100	16	19,7	
	Inactive population	768	755	-12	-1,6	

Appendix table 21. Population by sex and age 2020/I - 2021/I

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change	
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %	
Sex	Age group					
Both	15-74	4 131	4 126	-6	-0,1	
sexes	15-64	3 424	3 419	-5	-0,2	
	15-24	610	607	-3	-0,6	
	25-34	707	709	2	0,2	
	35-44	708	713	5	0,7	
	45-54	670	665	-5	-0,7	
	55-64	728	725	-3	-0,5	
	65-74	708	707	-0	-0,1	
Males	15-74	2 077	2 076	-2	-0,1	
	15-64	1 745	1 745	-0	0,0	
	15-24	316	310	-6	-1,8	
	25-34	363	363	1	0,2	
	35-44	365	366	2	0,5	
	45-54	341	343	2	0,6	
	55-64	361	362	1	0,3	
	65-74	332	331	-1	-0,4	
Females	15-74	2 054	2 050	-4	-0,2	
	15-64	1 679	1 674	-5	-0,3	
	15-24	294	297	2	0,8	
	25-34	344	346	1	0,3	
	35-44	344	347	3	0,9	
	45-54	329	322	-7	-2,0	
	55-64	367	362	-5	-1,2	
	65-74	375	376	1	0,2	

Appendix table 22. Active population by sex and age 2020/I - 2021/I (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change	
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %	
Sex	Age group					
Both	15-74	2 681	2 703	22	0,8	
sexes	15-64	2 606	2 620	14	0,5	
	15-24	285	284	-1	-0,4	
	25-34	579	588	9	1,5	
	35-44	621	635	14	2,2	
	45-54	597	589	-8	-1,3	
	55-64	523	523	1	0,1	
	65-74	75	84	8	10,9	
Males	15-74	1 395	1 409	14	1,0	
	15-64	1 346	1 356	10	0,7	
	15-24	146	145	-1	-0,5	
	25-34	317	313	-4	-1,4	
	35-44	331	337	6	1,9	
	45-54	299	301	1	0,5	
	55-64	253	261	7	2,9	
	65-74	49	53	4	8,8	
Females	15-74	1 286	1 295	8	0,6	
	15-64	1 260	1 264	4	0,3	
	15-24	140	139	-0	-0,3	
	25-34	262	275	13	5,0	
	35-44	290	298	8	2,7	
	45-54	298	289	-9	-3,1	
	55-64	270	263	-7	-2,5	
	65-74	27	31	4	14,7	

Appendix table 23. Activity rates by sex and age 2020/I - 2021/I (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Quarte	r	Change
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Sex	Age group			
Both	15-74	64,9	65,5	0,6
sexes	15-64	76,1	76,6	0,5
	15-24	46,7	46,8	0,1
	25-34	81,9	83,0	1,0
	35-44	87,7	89,0	1,4
	45-54	89,2	88,6	-0,6
	55-64	71,8	72,2	0,4
	65-74	10,7	11,8	1,2
Males	15-74	67,1	67,9	0,7
	15-64	77,1	77,7	0,6
	15-24	46,1	46,7	0,6
	25-34	87,4	86,1	-1,4
	35-44	90,8	92,1	1,3
	45-54	87,8	87,7	-0,1
	55-64	70,1	71,9	1,8
	65-74	14,6	16,0	1,4
Females	15-74	62,6	63,1	0,5
	15-64	75,0	75,5	0,5
	15-24	47,4	46,9	-0,5
	25-34	76,1	79,7	3,6
	35-44	84,4	85,9	1,5
	45-54	90,6	89,6	-1,0
	55-64	73,4	72,5	-1,0
	65-74	7,1	8,2	1,0

Appendix table 24. Employed persons by sex and age 2020/I - 2021/I

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change	
_		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %	
Sex	Age group					
Both	15-74	2 491	2 476	-15	-0,6	
sexes	15-64	2 416	2 393	-22	-0,9	
	15-24	224	222	-3	-1,1	
	25-34	535	537	2	0,3	
	35-44	595	597	2	0,3	
	45-54	574	555	-20	-3,4	
	55-64	486	483	-4	-0,8	
	65-74	75	82	8	10,1	
Males	15-74	1 288	1 281	-7	-0,5	
	15-64	1 240	1 229	-11	-0,9	
	15-24	111	111	1	0,7	
	25-34	292	283	-8	-2,9	
	35-44	317	315	-1	-0,3	
	45-54	287	278	-9	-3,0	
	55-64	234	240	6	2,7	
	65-74	48	52	4	8,7	
Females	15-74	1 203	1 195	-8	-0,7	
	15-64	1 176	1 165	-12	-1,0	
	15-24	114	110	-3	-2,9	
	25-34	244	254	10	4,2	
	35-44	279	282	3	1,0	
	45-54	287	276	-11	-3,9	
	55-64	253	243	-10	-4,0	
	65-74	27	30	3	12,6	

Appendix table 25. Employment rates by sex and age 2020/I - 2021/I

		Year/Quarte	r	Change
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Sex	Age group			
Both	15-74	60,3	60,0	-0,3
sexes	15-64	70,6	70,0	-0,6
	15-24	36,8	36,6	-0,2
	25-34	75,7	75,8	0,1
	35-44	84,1	83,7	-0,3
	45-54	85,7	83,4	-2,3
	55-64	66,8	66,6	-0,2
	65-74	10,6	11,6	1,1
Males	15-74	62,0	61,7	-0,3
	15-64	71,0	70,4	-0,6
	15-24	35,1	35,9	0,9
	25-34	80,4	78,0	-2,4
	35-44	86,8	86,1	-0,7
	45-54	84,2	81,3	-3,0
	55-64	64,7	66,3	1,5
	65-74	14,5	15,8	1,3
Females	15-74	58,6	58,3	-0,3
	15-64	70,1	69,6	-0,5
	15-24	38,6	37,2	-1,4
	25-34	70,8	73,5	2,7
	35-44	81,2	81,2	0,1
	45-54	87,3	85,6	-1,7
	55-64	68,8	66,9	-1,9
	65-74	7,1	8,0	0,9

Appendix table 26. Employed persons aged 15-74 by status in employment 2020/I - 2021/I

	Year/Quarter		Change	Change
	2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Status in employment				
Employed persons total	2 491	2 476	-15	-0,6
Employees total	2 147	2 120	-27	-1,3
Self-employed persons and unpaid family workers	343	356	12	3,6

Appendix table 27. Employed persons aged 15-74 by employer sector 2020/I - 2021/I

	Year/Quarter		Change	Change
	2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Employer sector				
Employer sector total (incl. employer sector unknown)	2 491	2 476	-15	-0,6
Private sector	1 857	1 855	-2	-0,1
Public sector	628	610	-18	-2,9
- central government	143	144	1	0,7
- local government	485	466	-19	-4,0

Appendix table 28. Employed persons aged 15-74 by industry (TOL 2008) 2020/I - 2021/I

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Industry	TOL 2008				
Industries total	00-99	2 491	2 476	-15	-0,6
A, B Agriculture, forestry and fishing; mining and quarrying	01-09	95	100	5	5,7
Agriculture	01	66	74	8	12,6
C Manufacturing	10-33	320	317	-3	-0,8
Manufacture of food products, beverages and textiles	10-15	44	42	-2	-3,9
Manufacture of wood products, paper and paper products; printing and reproduction of recorded media	16-18	43	41	-3	-6,4
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	19-23	46	47	1	1,1
Manufacture of basic metals and of fabricated metal	24-25			_	
products, except machinery and equipment	00.00	51	52	1	1,7
Manufacture of electronic and optical products, electrical equipment, machinery and vehicles	26-30	100	100	1	0,7
Manufacture of furniture, other manufacturing; repair and installation of machinery and equipment		35	34	-0	-0,6
D, E Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning and water supply; sewerage and waste management		28	26	-3	-9,2
F Construction	41-43	183	181	-3	-1,4
Construction of buildings	41	70	68	-1	-2,1
Specialised construction activities	43	95	92	-3	-2,7
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	45-47	273	284	11	3,9
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	45	46	47	1	2,1
Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	46	93	94	1	1,6
Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	47	134	143	8	6,2
H Transportation and storage	49-53	146	132	-14	-9,5
Land, water and air transport	49-51	87	83	-4	-5,1
Warehousing and support activities for transportation; postal and courier activities	52-53	58	49	-9	-16,2
I Accommodation and food service activities	55-56	94	83	-11	-11,6
J Information and communication	58-63	119	122	4	3,0
K, L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	64-68	75	71	-4	-5,2
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	69-75	183	185	1	0,7
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	71	70	68	-1	-2,0
N Administrative and support service activities	77-82	116	117	1	1,0
Services to buildings and landscape activities	81	68	68	0	0,0
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	84	105	112	8	7,4
P Education	85	183	179	-4	-2,3
Q Human health and social work activities	86-88	409	411	2	0,4
Human health activities	86	173	177	4	2,5
Residential care activities	87	100	94	-6	-6,1

			ar/Quarter		Change
			2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Social work activities without accommodation	88	136	140	3	2,5
R Arts, entertainment and recreation	90-93	70	60	-10	-14,3
S-U Other service activities	94-99	87	87	0	0,1
X Industry unknown	00	7	11		

Appendix table 29. Hours actually worked of employed persons aged 15-74 by industry (TOL 2008) 2020/I - 2021/I

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change	
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	
		Million hours	Million hours	Million hours	Per cent, %	
Industry	TOL 2008					
Industries total	00-99	1023,9	997,7	-26,2	-2,6	
A, B Agriculture, forestry and fishing; mining and quarrying	01-09	42,2	45,2	3,0	7,0	
Agriculture	01	30,1	34,0	3,9	12,9	
C Manufacturing	10-33	139,7	138,1	-1,6	-1,1	
Manufacture of food products, beverages and textiles	10-15	18,9	16,9	-2,0	-10,5	
Manufacture of wood products, paper and paper products; printing and reproduction of recorded media	16-18	17,4	18,1	0,7	4,2	
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	19-23	20,4	20,8	0,4	1,8	
Manufacture of basic metals and of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	24-25	22,5	23,6	1,1	4,9	
Manufacture of electronic and optical products, electrical equipment, machinery and vehicles	26-30	44,6	43,8	-0,8	-1,8	
Manufacture of furniture, other manufacturing; repair and installation of machinery and equipment	31-33	16,0	15,1	-1,0	-6,1	
D, E Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning and water supply; sewerage and waste management	35-39	12,4	11,1	-1,3	-10,3	
F Construction	41-43	82,3	79,3	-2,9	-3,6	
Construction of buildings	41	30,9	30,0	-0,9	-2,9	
Specialised construction activities	43	43,3	41,0	-2,3	-5,3	
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	45-47	111,3	109,5	-1,8	-1,6	
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	45	20,4	20,1	-0,3	-1,4	
Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	46	41,4	40,9	-0,5	-1,2	
Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	47	49,5	48,5	-1,0	-2,0	
H Transportation and storage	49-53	61,2	55,9	-5,2	-8,6	
Land, water and air transport	49-51	39,0	36,3	-2,7	-7,0	
Warehousing and support activities for transportation; postal and courier activities	52-53	22,2	19,7	-2,5	-11,3	
I Accommodation and food service activities	55-56	34,3	27,6	-6,7	-19,6	
J Information and communication	58-63	51,9	53,1	1,2	2,3	
K, L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	64-68	33,5	30,2	-3,3	-9,8	
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	69-75	76,8	77,4	0,6	0,7	
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	71	30,0	29,1	-1,0	-3,2	
N Administrative and support service activities	77-82	47,3	45,8	-1,5	-3,2	
Services to buildings and landscape activities	81	26,7	27,4	0,7	2,5	
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	84	44,8	48,7	3,9	8,8	
P Education	85	69,6	67,6	-2,0	-2,9	
Q Human health and social work activities	86-88	159,7	155,3	-4,4	-2,8	
Human health activities	86	68,2	67,3	-0,8	-1,2	
Residential care activities	87	40,7	37,0	-3,7	-9,2	

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		Million hours	Million hours	Million hours	Per cent, %
Social work activities without accommodation	88	50,8	51,0	0,2	0,3
R Arts, entertainment and recreation	90-93	23,2	19,7	-3,5	-15,3
S-U Other service activities	94-99	30,4	27,2	-3,2	-10,6
X Industry unknown	00	3,3	6,0		

Appendix table 30. Employed persons aged 15-74 by Regional State Administrative Agencies (AVI) 2020/I - 2021/I

	Year/Quarter		Change	Change
	2020/I	2020/I 2021/I 2		2020/I - 2021/I
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Regional State Administrative Agencies				
Whole country (incl. Åland)	2 491	2 476	-15	-0,6
Southern Finland AVI	1 113	1 119	6	0,5
Southwestern Finland AVI	316	313	-4	-1,2
Eastern Finland AVI	220	225	5	2,4
Western and Inland Finland AVI	544	535	-10	-1,7
Northern Finland AVI	203	199	-4	-1,7
Lapland AVI	80	70	-10	-12,2

Appendix table 31. Employed persons aged 15-74 by region (2011) 2020/I - 2021/I

	Year/Quarter		Change	Change
	2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Region				
Whole country (incl. Åland)	2 491	2 476	-15	-0,6
Uusimaa	845	844	-1	-0,1
Southwest Finland	222	219	-3	-1,4
Satakunta	94	94	-1	-0,7
Kanta-Häme	72	73	1	1,9
Pirkanmaa	233	232	-1	-0,3
Päijät-Häme	83	87	4	4,6
Kymenlaakso	64	65	1	1,6
South Karelia	49	50	1	1,1
South Savo	53	54	1	1,0
North Savo	105	108	3	2,8
North Karelia	61	63	2	3,0
Central Finland	115	107	-8	-7,2
South Ostrobothnia	84	85	1	1,6
Ostrobothnia	81	82	0	0,5
Central Ostrobothnia	31	29	-2	-7,4
North Ostrobothnia	176	169	-7	-3,8
Kainuu	27	30	3	12,0
Lapland	80	70	-10	-12,2

Appendix table 32. Part-time employed persons aged 15-74 by sex 2020/I - 2021/I

	Year/Quarter		Change	Change	
	2020/I 2021/I		2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %	
Sex					
Both sexes	439	457	18	4,1	
Males	167	173	5	3,2	
Females	272	285	13	4,7	

Appendix table 33. Proportion of part-time employed persons in all employed persons aged 15-74 by sex 2020/I - 2021/I, %

	Year/Quarte	r	Change
	2020/I 2021/I 2		2020/I - 2021/I
	Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Sex			
Both sexes	17,6	18,5	0,8
Males	13,0	13,5	0,5
Females	22,6	23,8	1,2

Appendix table 34. Employees aged 15-74 by industry (TOL 2008) 2020/I - 2021/I

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Industry	TOL 2008				
Industries total	00-99	2 147	2 120	-27	-1,3
A, B Agriculture, forestry and fishing; mining and quarrying	01-09	32	33	1	4,6
Agriculture	01	14	19	5	39,8
C Manufacturing	10-33	298	296	-2	-0,7
Manufacture of food products, beverages and textiles	10-15	40	38	-3	-6,3
Manufacture of wood products, paper and paper products; printing and reproduction of recorded media	16-18	41	39	-2	-3,9
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	19-23	44	45	0	0,7
Manufacture of basic metals and of fabricated metal	24-25	40			
products, except machinery and equipment	26.20	48	48	0	1,0
Manufacture of electronic and optical products, electrical equipment, machinery and vehicles	26-30	98	98	-0	0,0
Manufacture of furniture, other manufacturing; repair and installation of machinery and equipment		27	29	1	4,6
D, E Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning and water supply; sewerage and waste management		27	25	-2	-9,1
F Construction	41-43	139	137	-2	-1,5
Construction of buildings	41	52	49	-3	-5,6
Specialised construction activities	43	70	69	-1	-1,1
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	45-47	240	242	3	1,2
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	45	38	36	-1	-3,8
Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	46	83	81	-2	-2,2
Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	47	119	125	6	5,1
H Transportation and storage	49-53	127	112	-15	-11,5
Land, water and air transport	49-51	70	67	-3	-3,7
Warehousing and support activities for transportation; postal and courier activities	52-53	57	45	-12	-21,1
I Accommodation and food service activities	55-56	83	71	-12	-14,2
J Information and communication	58-63	107	109	2	1,9
K, L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	64-68	67	61	-6	-8,6
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	69-75	141	144	3	1,9
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	71	62	60	-3	-4,6
N Administrative and support service activities	77-82	99	102	3	3,1
Services to buildings and landscape activities	81	58	58	0	0,1
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	84	104	112	8	7,3
P Education	85	176	172	-4	-2,1
Q Human health and social work activities	86-88	388	388	0	0,0
Human health activities	86	158	159	1	0,6
Residential care activities	87	99	92	-7	-7,0

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
			1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Social work activities without accommodation	88	131	137	6	4,6
R Arts, entertainment and recreation	90-93	53	45	-9	-16,0
S-U Other service activities	94-99	59	60	1	1,8
X Industry unknown	00	6	9		-

Appendix table 35. Hours actually worked of employees aged 15-74 by industry (TOL 2008) 2020/I - 2021/I

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		Million hours	Million hours	Million hours	Per cent, %
Industry	TOL 2008				
Industries total	00-99	870,0	842,2	-27,9	-3,2
A, B Agriculture, forestry and fishing; mining and quarrying	01-09	13,3	14,0	0,7	5,5
Agriculture	01	5,1	7,2	2,1	41,5
C Manufacturing	10-33	128,9	128,4	-0,6	-0,4
Manufacture of food products, beverages and textiles	10-15	16,6	14,9	-1,7	-10,4
Manufacture of wood products, paper and paper products; printing and reproduction of recorded media	16-18	16,0	17,1	1,1	7,1
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	19-23	19,8	20,3	0,5	2,5
Manufacture of basic metals and of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	24-25	20,6	21,3	0,7	3,5
Manufacture of electronic and optical products, electrical equipment, machinery and vehicles	26-30	43,7	42,5	-1,2	-2,7
Manufacture of furniture, other manufacturing; repair and installation of machinery and equipment	31-33	12,3	12,3	0,0	0,1
D, E Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning and water supply; sewerage and waste management	35-39	11,8	10,9	-0,9	-7,7
F Construction	41-43	61,5	58,0	-3,5	-5,6
Construction of buildings	41	22,4	20,5	-1,9	-8,4
Specialised construction activities	43	31,6	29,9	-1,7	-5,5
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	45-47	95,1	91,1	-4,0	-4,2
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	45	16,0	15,9	-0,1	-0,6
Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	46	37,2	34,6	-2,6	-6,9
Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	47	42,0	40,7	-1,3	-3,1
H Transportation and storage	49-53	51,5	45,7	-5,8	-11,3
Land, water and air transport	49-51	29,8	28,0	-1,8	-6,1
Warehousing and support activities for transportation; postal and courier activities	52-53	21,7	17,7	-4,0	-18,5
I Accommodation and food service activities	55-56	27,4	21,6	-5,8	-21,1
J Information and communication	58-63	46,8	47,8	1,0	2,2
K, L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	64-68	30,3	26,3	-4,0	-13,2
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	69-75	59,8	60,6	0,9	1,4
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	71	26,8	24,8	-2,0	-7,4
N Administrative and support service activities	77-82	39,5	40,0	0,5	1,2
Services to buildings and landscape activities	81	22,7	23,2	0,5	2,2
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	84	44,7	48,4	3,7	8,2
P Education	85	67,2	65,2	-1,9	-2,9
Q Human health and social work activities	86-88	151,9	147,1	-4,8	-3,1
Human health activities	86	63,4	61,4	-2,0	-3,2
Residential care activities	87	39,7	36,0	-3,7	-9,2

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		Million hours	Million hours	Million hours	Per cent, %
Social work activities without accommodation	88	48,8	49,7	0,9	1,9
R Arts, entertainment and recreation	90-93	18,5	14,2	-4,3	-23,3
S-U Other service activities	94-99	19,1	18,3	-0,8	-4,3
X Industry unknown	00	2,9	4,6		

Appendix table 36. Employees aged 15-74 by type of employment relationship 2020/I - 2021/I

	Year/Quarter		Change	Change
	2020/I 2021/I 2		2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Employment relationship				
Employees total	2 147	2 120	-27	-1,3
- permanent full-time work	1 594	1 563	-31	-1,9
- permanent part-time work	253	250	-3	-1,4
- temporary (fixed-term) full-time work	199	193	-7	-3,3
- temporary (fixed-term) part-time work	101	114	13	13,1
Temporary (fixed-term) work total	300	307	7	2,2
Part-time work total	354	364	10	2,8

Appendix table 37. Employees aged 15-74 by type of employment relationship 2020/I - 2021/I, %

	Year/Quarte	r	Change	
	2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	
	Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points	
Employment relationship				
Employees total	100,0	100,0	0,0	
- permanent full-time work	74,2	73,7	-0,5	
- permanent part-time work	11,8	11,8	0,0	
- temporary (fixed-term) full-time work	9,3	9,1	-0,2	
- temporary (fixed-term) part-time work	4,7	5,4	0,7	
Temporary (fixed-term) work total	14,0	14,5	0,5	
Part-time work total	16,5	17,2	0,7	

Appendix table 38. Different types of employment relationships less than 12 month's duration 2020/I - 2021/I, persons aged 15-74

	Year/Quarter		Change	Change
	2020/I	2020/I 2021/I 2		2020/I - 2021/I
	1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Employment relationship				
Employees total	437	397	-39	-9,0
- permanent full-time work	180	151	-29	-16,3
- permanent part-time work	69	56	-13	-18,7
- temporary (fixed-term) full-time work	122	117	-5	-4,0
- temporary (fixed-term) part-time work	66	74	8	11,7
Temporary (fixed-term) work total	188	191	3	1,5
Part-time work total	134	129	-5	-3,8

Appendix table 39. Different types of employment relationships less than 12 month's duration 2020/I - 2021/I, persons aged 15-74, %

	Year/Quarte	r	Change
	2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
	Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Employment relationship			
Employees total	100,0	100,0	0,0
- permanent full-time work	41,3	38,0	-3,3
- permanent part-time work	15,7	14,0	-1,7
- temporary (fixed-term) full-time work	27,9	29,5	1,5
- temporary (fixed-term) part-time work	15,1	18,5	3,4
Temporary (fixed-term) work total	43,0	48,0	5,0
Part-time work total	30,8	32,5	1,8

Appendix table 40. Unemployed persons by sex and age 2020/I - 2021/I (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Quarter		Change	Change
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
		1000 persons	1000 persons	1000 persons	Per cent, %
Sex	Age group				
Both sexes	15-74	191	228	37	19,5
	15-64	190	226	37	19,2
	15-24	61	62	1	2,3
	25-34	44	51	7	15,4
	35-44	26	38	12	48,0
	45-54	23	35	12	50,5
	55-64	36	41	4	12,0
Males	15-74	107	128	21	19,4
	15-64	106	127	21	19,4
	15-24	35	33	-1	-4,1
	25-34	25	29	4	15,2
	35-44	15	22	7	49,6
	45-54	12	22	10	79,9
	55-64	19	20	1	5,9
Females	15-74	84	100	16	19,7
	15-64	83	99	16	19,0
	15-24	26	29	3	10,9
	25-34	19	21	3	15,7
	35-44	11	16	5	45,8
	45-54	11	13	2	17,0
	55-64	17	20	3	18,8

Appendix table 41. Unemployment rate by sex and age 2020/I - 2021/I (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

		Year/Quarter		Change	
		2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	
		Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points	
Sex	Age group				
Both	15-74	7,1	8,4	1,3	
sexes	15-64	7,3	8,6	1,4	
	15-24	21,3	21,9	0,6	
	25-34	7,6	8,6	1,0	
	35-44	4,1	6,0	1,8	
	45-54	3,9	5,9	2,0	
	55-64	6,9	7,8	0,8	
Males	15-74	7,7	9,1	1,4	
	15-64	7,9	9,4	1,5	
	15-24	23,9	23,1	-0,9	
	25-34	8,0	9,4	1,3	
	35-44	4,4	6,5	2,1	
	45-54	4,1	7,4	3,3	
	55-64	7,6	7,8	0,2	
Females	15-74	6,5	7,7	1,2	
	15-64	6,6	7,9	1,2	
	15-24	18,6	20,7	2,1	
	25-34	7,1	7,8	0,7	
	35-44	3,8	5,4	1,6	
	45-54	3,6	4,4	0,8	
	55-64	6,3	7,7	1,4	

Appendix table 42. Unemployment rates by Regional State Administrative Agencies (AVI) 2020/I - 2021/I (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

	Year/Quarte	r	Change
	2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I
	Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points
Regional State Administrative Agencies			
Whole country (incl. Åland)	7,1	8,4	1,3
Southern Finland AVI	6,4	8,5	2,1
Southwestern Finland AVI	6,6	7,8	1,2
Eastern Finland AVI	9,3	8,8	-0,6
Western and Inland Finland AVI	7,6	8,8	1,2
Northern Finland AVI	8,2	7,0	-1,2
Lapland AVI	7,5	10,7	3,2

Appendix table 43. Unemployment rates by region (2011) 2020/I - 2021/I (Appendix table was corrected on 27 July 2021.)

	Year/Quarter		Change	
	2020/I	2021/I	2020/I - 2021/I	
	Per cent, %	Per cent, %	Percentage points	
Region				
Whole country (incl. Åland)	7,1	8,4	1,3	
Uusimaa	5,9	8,1	2,2	
Southwest Finland	6,1	7,8	1,6	
Satakunta	7,8	7,9	0,1	
Kanta-Häme	5,1	7,7	2,6	
Pirkanmaa	7,4	9,6	2,2	
Päijät-Häme	8,2	10,1	1,9	
Kymenlaakso	9,4	11,4	2,0	
South Karelia	8,8	10,5	1,7	
South Savo	9,1	8,7	-0,4	
North Savo	7,2	7,8	0,6	
North Karelia	13,0	10,5	-2,6	
Central Finland	11,1	10,7	-0,4	
South Ostrobothnia	5,4	7,0	1,6	
Ostrobothnia	5,9	5,8	-0,2	
Central Ostrobothnia	5,5	7,8	2,4	
North Ostrobothnia	7,9	7,4	-0,5	
Kainuu	10,2	4,8	-5,4	
Lapland	7,5	10,7	3,2	

Appendix figures 2021, March

Appendix figure 1. Employment rate and trend of employment rate 2011/03–2021/03, persons aged 15–64



Revisions in these statistics

The final Labour Force Survey data concerning January and February 2020 and 2021 have been published in connection with the data for March and the 1st quarter. The previously released data were preliminary and part of them have been revised due to the adjustment of the estimation method. The data for March and the 1st quarter of 2021 are final.

Revisions to Statistics Finland's Labour Force Survey estimates 2020/01, 2020/02, 2021/01 and 2021/02, persons aged 15 to 74

	Year/month	Estimate		Revision of data
		1st release	Latest release (2021–05–04)	
		1000 persor	ns	
Population total	2020/01	4 132	4 132	0
	2020/02	4 132	4 132	0
	2021/01	4 127	4 127	0
	2021/02	4 127	4 127	0
Active	2020/01	2 727	2 705	-22
population total	2020/02	2 672	2 663	-9
	2021/01	2 707	2 680	-28
	2021/02	2 701	2 701	0
Employed	2020/01	2 534	2 514	-20
	2020/02	2 487	2 479	-8
	2021/01	2 473	2 445	-28
	2021/02	2 481	2 481	0
Unemployed	2020/01	194	192	-2
	2020/02	185	185	-1
	2021/01	235	235	0
	2021/02	220	220	0
Inactive	2020/01	1 404	1 426	22
population	2020/02	1 460	1 469	9
	2021/01	1 420	1 447	28
	2021/02	1 426	1 426	0
		Per cent, %		Percentage points
Employment	2020/01	71,9	71,3	-0,6
rate, persons aged 15–64	2020/02	70,3	70,0	-0,3
aged 10-04	2021/01	69,9	69,1	-0,8
	2021/02	70,0	70,0	0,0
Unemployment	2020/01	7,1	7,1	0,0
rate	2020/02	6,9	6,9	0,0
	2021/01	8,7	8,8	0,1
	2021/02	8,1	8,1	0,0
Activity rate	2020/01	66,0	65,5	-0,5
	2020/02	64,7	64,4	-0,3
	2021/01	65,6	64,9	-0,7
	2021/02	65,5	65,5	0,0

Quality Description: Labour force survey

1. Relevance of statistical information

The Labour Force Survey is a sample survey used in the compilation of monthly, quarterly and annual statistics on participation in the labour market, employment, unemployment and working hours among the population aged between 15 and 89. The data content of the Survey is based on an EU regulation, and the Survey sample includes approximately 12,500 persons every month.

At the beginning of 2021, the data content, data collection and estimation method of the Labour Force Survey were revised. The content of the questionnaire was harmonised more closely than before between different EU countries to improve the comparability of the data. The data content also extended when questions were added to the inquiry concerning the flexibility of working hours, the number of self-employed persons' customers and the working hours of secondary jobs. In addition, persons aged 75 to 89 were included in the survey as a new age group. The sample size of this age group is small and therefore data on the age group are not published on the monthly and quarterly levels. The monthly and quarterly Labour Force Survey data still concern the 15 to 74 age group.

The data collection method of the survey was renewed by offering the respondents the possibility to respond not only with telephone and face-to-face interviews but also with a web questionnaire. The new EU legislation, increased non-response and changes to the data collection method were taken into account in the formation of the sample and the calculation method of the results.

The information provided by the respondents is used to draw a picture of the activities of the entire population aged between 15 and 89 on the labour market during one week. In the basic classification of labour market status, the population is divided into the employed, the unemployed and the economically inactive. The active population (labour force) consists of the employed and the unemployed.

The Labour Force Survey provides an up-to-date and comprehensive picture of the active population (labour force) and changes on the labour market. Public attention focuses each month especially on the changes in employment and unemployment from the corresponding month of the previous year.

Seasonally adjusted time series and trend time series are used to monitor long-term development and cyclical variation. The Survey also provides information about persons of working age who are not employed or job seekers.

Since 2003, information has also been obtained from a subsample on the structure of households and the activities of all members of the household relative to the labour market.

The Labour Force Survey contains continuously collected data that are used as monthly, quarterly and annual data and data asked from a subsample that are used only as annual data. From 2021 onwards, some annual data are collected every two years. The Labour Force Survey also includes a section with a yearly changing topic. The topic is related to the labour market, such as young people, transition from work to retirement, accidents at work or reconciliation of work and family life. Some topics are repeated regularly every eight years. Every four years the questions are connected to a topical subject to be decided separately.

A description of the data content of the Labour Force Survey is available at: http://www.tilastokeskus.fi/til/tyti/tlu en.html.

The monthly and quarterly results of the Labour Force Survey describe the seasonal and trend variation of employment. The Labour Force Survey time series describe long term changes in the labour market. Annual averages describe the active population, that is, the employed and the unemployed, and the economically inactive persons by, for instance, industry, occupation, education, age, gender and area.

The results of the Survey are used in preparing, among other things, labour market projections and plans, as support for decision-making and in the monitoring of the effects of different measures on employment. Key users of the results are ministries, authorities responsible for regional planning, employers' and employees' organisations, universities and research institutes, international organisations and the European Union. At Statistics Finland the data are used in, for instance, calculations of National Accounts. The Statistical Office of the European Communities, Eurostat, steers the content of the Survey and monitors

its quality. Eurostat produces structural indicators and other statistics from the quarterly data that are submitted to it.

The present data content of the Labour Force Survey is based on the European Union's Regulation on social statistics (1700/2019) and on Implementing Regulations 2019/2181, 2019/2240 and 2019/2241 concerning the labour force domain, on Delegated Regulation 2020/256 and on Delegated Regulation 2020/257.

A detailed description of the EU Labour Force Survey is available at: https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/EU labour force survey.

The concepts and definitions used in the Survey comply with the recommendations of ILO, the International Labour Organisation of the UN, and the regulations of the European Union on official statistics.

Concepts:

• **Employed** are persons who during the survey week have worked at least one hour against pay or entrepreneurial income. Persons temporarily absent from work during the survey week are also classified as employed if the reason for absence is maternity or paternity leave, own illness, holiday or a working hour arrangement; or the absence lasts under three months.

Main changes in the definition of an employed person from the beginning of 2021:

- Persons on parental leave receiving earnings-related support are classified as employed, even if
 the absence from work would had lasted over three months.
- A self-employed person or an unpaid worker in an enterprise of a family member is calculated in
 employed only if the absence from work has lasted under three months. Previously, self-employed
 persons were counted as employed regardless of the length or reason of absence.
- A person is unemployed if he/she is without work during the survey week (not in paid employment or working as self-employed), has actively sought employment in the past four weeks as an employee or self-employed and would be available for work within two weeks. A person who is without work and waiting for an agreed job to start within three months is also classified as unemployed if he/she could start work within two weeks. Persons laid off for the time being who fulfil the above-mentioned criteria are also counted as unemployed.
- All persons aged 15 to 89 who were employed or unemployed during the survey week belong to the **active population**. The concept of labour force can also be used of the active population.
- The economically inactive population consists of persons who are not employed or unemployed during the survey week. The concept of persons not in labour force can also be used of the inactive population.

Explanations for other concepts of the Labour Force Survey can be found at: http://tilastokeskus.fi/til/tyti/kas en.html.

The classifications used in the Labour Force Survey include the Standard Industrial Classification (TOL 2008, NACE Rev. 2), the Classification of Occupations 2010 (ISCO-08), the Classification of Socio-economic Groups 1989 (based on the Classification of Occupations 2010), the Classification of Education 2016 (ISCED 2011) and the Nomenclature of the Classification of Sectors 2012 as well as the regional classification into Major Regions, Regional State Administrative Agencies (AVI), Centres for Economic Development, Transport and the Environment (ELY Centre) and Regions.

2. Methodological description of the statistical survey

The statistics are based on sample data collected monthly. The monthly sample consists of some 12,500 persons.

The population of the Labour Force Survey consists of persons aged between 15 and 89 who are permanent residents of Finland. The population also comprises persons residing temporarily (for under one year)

abroad as well as foreign nationals registered in the Finnish Population Information System whose stay in Finland will last for at least one year (https://dvv.fi/en/foreigner-registration).

The sample of the Labour Force Survey is drawn twice a year as a stratified random sample from Statistics Finland's population database, which is based on the Central Population Register. The survey is a panel survey in which one person is interviewed five times. The interviews are conducted every three months, apart from the fourth interview which is conducted six months after the third interview. The first and last interviews are 15 months apart. The sample of each month consists of approximately 12,500 persons, which is, on the average, every 370th person in the population. The sample for one survey month consists of five rotation groups which have entered the survey at different points of time. The sample changes gradually so that different persons answer the questions during three consecutive months. In consecutive quarters three-fifths of the respondents are the same. In consecutive years the overlap is two-fifths. The data are collected from all weeks of the year.

In most European countries the Labour Force Survey data are collected from a sample of households, which means that all members of a household living at the same address are interviewed at the same time. Besides Finland, Sweden, Denmark and Switzerland are the only other countries were the sample is based on individual persons, i.e. only the target persons drawn into the sample are interviewed. However, the EU regulation also requires data concerning households and in Finland this has been solved by exploiting the panel nature of the Labour Force Survey.

The data content of the survey varies by survey round. Certain basic pieces of information are inquired in the first round and checks are then made in subsequent rounds to see whether they have remained unchanged. In the last round, that is, the fifth round, the data content is wider, and in addition to the basic survey, the inquiry also includes the household section and a section with a yearly changing topic. The household interview is conducted to ascertain the members who belong to the household of the target person and the activity of the household members aged 15 to 89 on the labour market. In order that the data would describe the whole population, a supplementing sample is added to it of households in which all members are aged 90 or over. Children under the age of 15 and persons aged over 89 are not interviewed in the Labour Force Survey, but certain information is formed for them based on register data to describe their status on the labour market.

The household data enable examinations of, for instance, employment in the family and the joint status of both spouses on the labour market. In 2019, the household data comprised approximately 45,000 persons who formed 20,000 households. The household data for the Labour Force Survey have been collected by the present method since 2003 and the data can mainly be published starting from the year 2004.

The Labour Force Survey data are collected with computer-assisted telephone interviews conducted by Statistics Finland's interviewers and partly by face-to-face interviews and from 2021 onwards with a web questionnaire. According to the interviewee's choice, either Finnish, Swedish or English is used as the language of the questionnaire (starting from the statistical reference year 2014).

In the survey, all respondents receive a weighting coefficient which is used to make the respondents as representative of the population of the survey as possible. The weighting coefficient includes for each respondent information on the sampling design used and the method for correcting non-response based on additional information. The raising effect of the weighting coefficient makes it possible to examine the results at the level of the population. Then the weighting coefficient can be interpreted so that the person who responds to the survey represents the number of persons in the population indicated by their weight.

The weighting progresses through basic weighting to reweighting. The basic weighting is the starting point for reweighting and it takes into account the sampling design of the survey and the stratification used in it, as well as the number of respondents by stratum. The reweighting method uses calibration of weights, where the basic weights are improved by utilising the latest available population data and additional information available from other register sources. Population data are gender, age, region and language. Other additional information is obtained from the Employment Service Statistics of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment, Statistics Finland's Register of Completed Education and Degrees, and the Tax Administration's Incomes Register. Calibration weights are formed with CALMAR2 software operating in SAS environment developed in France.

Like all figures collected with a sample survey, the figures of the Labour Force Survey are so called estimates. An **estimate** is an estimation of a quality of the population derived by applying a mathematical procedure (estimation) to sample observations. For example, the number of the unemployed published in a certain month is an estimate of the number of unemployed persons obtained by such a procedure.

Starting from 2021, a quarterly weight is used in the calculation of quarterly estimates, which is calculated by scaling the monthly weight of each month of the quarter in question to the average population of the quarter and by proportioning it to the number of survey weeks in the month. Annual estimates are averages of quarterly estimates.

Working days and hours worked are estimated basing on the number of calendar days in the month concerned. Quarterly and annual estimates of working days and hours worked are sums of monthly estimates.

The employment and unemployment figures of the Labour Force Survey vary relatively regularly in different months of the year. In addition to the original series, we also publish from the Labour Force Survey seasonally adjusted series, from which seasonal variation that occurs in similar ways from one year to the next has been removed, as well as so-called trends from which irregular random variation has also been removed in addition to seasonal variation.

The direction of long-term developments and cyclical variations are easier to see from a trend than from unadjusted monthly data. Due to the method used, the last data of the trend become slightly revised when the data of the following month are inserted into the time series. When using seasonally adjusted series and trend series it should be noted that in the Tramo/Seats method the latest months are partly based on model-based forecasts, so particular caution must be used in conclusions made based on them. Starting from June 2007, the trend components of the time series have been calculated with the Tramo/Seats method recommended by Eurostat, the Statistical Office of the European Communities. Further information about the trend and limitations in its use can be found at: http://tilastokeskus.fi/til/tramo-seats-en.html.

3. Correctness and accuracy of data

The reliability of the figures of the Labour Force Survey is affected by non-response (see above), measurement errors and random variation due to sampling.

Measurement errors arise from, among other things, differences in interpreting or understanding of the questions, respondents' inability to recall or unwillingness to give certain information, or erroneous recording of answers. Development and testing of the questions, interviewer instructions and the user interface, and training of interviewers are measures used to contain measurement errors.

Random variation due to sampling means that figures calculated from different samples deviate somewhat from each other. When evaluating roughly the magnitude of random variation due to sampling in different situations, the main principle is that 1) the larger the sample is from which the figures are calculated and 2) the larger the population described by the figures is, the less uncertainty due to sampling there will be in the figures. For instance, quarterly figures are more accurate than monthly figures in describing the same phenomenon, as quarterly data have been collected by interviewing three times the number of persons interviewed for monthly data. Annual figures are the most accurate. The latter principle means that the figures of the employed and the unemployed, that is the estimates, based on a sample of the same size are the more accurate the larger the subgroup they apply to. As the relevant subgroup becomes smaller, random variation due to sampling increases. Therefore e.g. the numbers of the unemployed in different age groups or in different areas are not as reliable as the number of all the unemployed.

Inaccuracy due to sampling is assessed with the **standard error** of the estimate. The magnitude of the standard error is influenced by the size of the sample and the variance of the variable being investigated. Standard error can be used to calculate the **confidence interval**, within which the value of the population lies with a certain probability. The **95 per cent confidence interval** used in the Labour Force Survey **is the interval within which the real value of the characteristic being investigated lies with 95 per cent probability**. For instance, if the estimate for the number of unemployed persons in a certain month is 230,000 and its standard error is 7,700, the 95 per cent confidence interval of the number of the unemployed is $230,000 \pm 15,100$, i.e. 214,900-245,100 persons. The share to be added to the estimate or deducted from

it, in this case 15,100, is obtained by multiplying the estimate's standard error with the 1.96 coefficient of the 95 per cent confidence interval. This share describes the inaccuracy caused by random variation due to sampling and is called the **margin of error**.

Statistical description of the reliability of estimation

The estimation procedure of the Labour Force Survey is based on the calibration of weights in which the original sample weights calculated on the basis of the sample design are adjusted with a regression model to get the desired population distributions.

The accuracy of estimates is evaluated on the basis of their standard error. **Standard error** (the square root of the sample variance) describes how neatly the value of the parameter estimated from the observations is concentrated around the parameter of the population. The magnitude of the standard error is affected by sample design, the number of observations in the relevant population or subgroup, variation due to the distribution of the research variable as well as properties of the mathematical formula.

Key figures of reliability derived from the standard error are the confidence intervals and relative standard error. **Confidence interval** describes the width of the range in which the real value of the parameter is relative to the estimate calculated from the sample. When calculating the confidence interval, the desired level of risk is fixed. The 5 per cent risk level applied in the Labour Force Survey means that if the samples were drawn again, in 95 cases out of one hundred the real value of the parameter would be within the confidence interval and in 5 cases out of one hundred it would be outside the confidence interval.

Relative standard error (variation coefficient) is the percentage share of the standard error of the estimate. Proportioning the standard error to the estimate's size removes the effect of the scale of the variable. Hence the values of the relative standard error of different variables and the values of the standard error of the same variable in different subgroups are easy to compare with one another.

In the monthly and quarterly data of the Labour Force Survey, the estimator of the standard error is the variance estimator of the generalised regression estimator (GREG). The statistical accuracy of the annual estimates and its evaluation is also affected by the fact that the sample of the Labour Force Survey changes gradually during the year. In consecutive quarters 60 per cent of the respondents are the same. During one year 90 per cent of the interviewees have been interviewed at least twice. The responses given by the same persons in different interviews during the year correlate to one another if the person's labour market status does not change between interviews. To account for this co-dependence of responses, the Labour Force Survey uses an approximation of single stage cluster sampling in which a cluster internal variance is calculated for persons interviewed several times during the year. Clusters are formed on the basis of interviewee's age. Cluster internal variance is zero it the interviewee's labour market status does not change during the year between different interviews.

For example, the standard error calculated for annual estimate of the unemployed in a subgroup of 230,000 persons is 3,600 persons and the confidence interval is $230,000 \pm 7,100$ persons. If the interviews on which the annual estimate is based had all been with different persons, the standard error of the estimate of the unemployed would have been 2,300 persons and the confidence interval $230,000 \pm 4,500$ persons. Interviewing the same persons again in different quarters of the year explains why the difference in the accuracy of the annual and quarterly data of the Labour Force Survey is not as large as could be expected on the basis of the number of interviews conducted.

4. Timeliness and promptness of published data

The results of the Labour Force Survey are released monthly, quarterly and annually. The monthly, quarterly and annual results describe the situation in the "average" week of the survey period in question. Data on labour input are sums of the results of periods. The released data are final. Only seasonal adjustment slightly alters the latest seasonally adjusted monthly results. Monthly data are released approximately three weeks from the end of the survey month. Quarterly data are released simultaneously with the last monthly data of each quarter. Quarterly data are statistically more reliable than monthly data and contain more detailed data on, among other things, employment and labour input by industry and more specific

regional data. The most detailed results are published in annual statistics. Quarterly deliveries of data are made to the Eurostat, the Statistical Office of the European Communities, which are used to compile statistics on EU Member States.

5. Accessibility and transparency/clarity of data

The results of the Labour Force Survey are published in the Labour market series of Official Statistics of Finland. The key monthly, quarterly and annual results are released on predefined days on the Internet on the home page of the Labour Force Survey http://tilastokeskus.fi/til/tyti/index_en. The links on the home page lead to, among other things, a description of the statistics, concepts and definitions as well as the free of charge tables from the statistical databases of the Labour Force Survey (StatFin). Data are also available over the Internet from Statistics Finland's chargeable time series database (ASTIKA). Eurostat publishes quarterly and annual Labour Force Survey data on its own website.

The final Labour Force Survey data concerning January and February 2020 and 2021 have been published in connection with the data for March and the 1st quarter. The previously released data were preliminary and part of them have been revised due to the adjustment of the estimation method. The data for March and the 1st quarter of 2021 are final.

Retrospectively corrected time series according to the new estimation method for the years 2009 to 2020 will be published during 2021.

The annual publication of Labour Force Statistics contains a review of the past statistical reference year, definitions of key concepts, descriptions of the classifications used, time series and annual tables as well as a quality description. Results related to families and work are published every other year in the autumn. In addition to regular own publication activity, Labour Force Survey data are published in the Statistical Yearbook of Finland, the Women and Men in Finland pocket statistics, and in article publications on the labour market. Chargeable special compilations can be requested from the Labour Force Survey information service.

Labour Force Survey data are not released outside Statistics Finland in identifiable form (Statistics Act 280/2004, Personal Data Act 523/1999). Data can be released only on the basis of a separate application for licence to use statistical data and without identifiers for scientific research and statistical surveys. Data adjusted for the EU Labour Force Survey are delivered to Eurostat, the Statistical Office of the European Communities without identifiers. The Labour Force Survey data are protected according to the protection class defined in Statistics Finland's data protection guidelines. A data protection description can be found at: https://www.tilastokeskus.fi/meta/tietosuojaselosteet/tietosuojaselostee_tyovoimatutkimus_en.html

Information service: tyovoimatutkimus@stat.fi and tel. +358 29 551 1000.

6. Comparability of statistics

A monthly Labour Force Survey, initially called Labour Force Inquiry, has been conducted since 1959. During this time the data content, data collection methods and methodology have been revised on several occasions. A comparable time series of the key data exists since 1989.

Initially, the inquiry with a somewhat limited data content was conducted as a postal survey. In 1976 the data content was expanded and the methodology modernised. During 1977–1993 the survey consisted of a monthly inquiry and supplementary annual interviews conducted over the telephone. The data collection of the monthly inquiry was changed in 1983 from a postal survey to telephone interviews, as a result of which non-response dropped from 30 to 4 per cent.

When Finland joined the European Union the Labour Force Survey was harmonised with the EU Labour Force Survey. At the beginning in 1995–1998, the data for the EU Labour Force Survey were collected as a separate interview survey in March-May. The monthly survey was gradually revised to correspond to the EU Labour Force Survey. The contents of the monthly survey were extended, computer-assisted telephone interviews (CATI) were introduced in the data collection and the concepts and definitions were harmonised to correspond better than before to the EU and ILO guidelines and recommendations. The

definition of an unemployed person was revised in May 1998 and the published time series were retrospectively revised to correspond with the new definitions starting from 1989.

In April 1999 the Labour Force Survey's data content was widened again with the combining of the monthly survey and the EU Labour Force Survey into a single, continuous Labour Force Survey. Since 1999 a harmonised EU ad hoc survey with annually changing topics has been conducted in connection with the Labour Force Survey. As of the beginning of 2000 the survey changed over into a continuous survey week, whereas previously data for each month had been collected in one survey week. This changeover affected data on working days and hours worked, which are not fully comparable with earlier data starting from the beginning of the year 2000. Starting from 2003 the data content of the survey widened with the so-called household module which is collected from a subsample. A new data collection questionnaire was introduced in 2008. In consequence of this the data content of the survey became slightly revised and collection of some of the data was started from a subsample, whose data are only used as annual data. The definitions of some concepts also changed. The revisions were based on the EU regulations and their aim was to improve the comparability of the Labour Force Surveys of different EU Member States.

At the beginning of 2021, the data content, data collection and estimation method of the Labour Force Survey were revised. The content of the questionnaire was harmonised more closely than before between different EU countries to improve the comparability of the data. The data content also extended when new questions were added to the questionnaire. The most important changes related to questions about working hours and when a person is defined as employed. In future, for example, persons on parental leave who receive earnings-related support are classified as employed regardless of the length of absence.

In addition, persons aged 75 to 89 were included in the survey as a new age group. The sample size of this age group is small and therefore data on the age group are not published on the monthly and quarterly levels. The monthly and quarterly Labour Force Survey data still concern the 15 to 74 age group.

The data collection method of the survey was renewed by offering the respondents the possibility to respond not only with telephone and face-to-face interviews but also with a web questionnaire. The new EU legislation, increased non-response and changes to the data collection method were taken into account in the formation of the sample and the calculation method of the results.

The final Labour Force Survey data concerning January and February 2020 and 2021 have been published in connection with the data for March and the 1st quarter. The previously released data were preliminary and part of them have been revised due to the adjustment of the estimation method. The data for March and the 1st quarter of 2021 are final.

Retrospectively corrected time series according to the new estimation method for the years 2009 to 2020 will be published during 2021.

7. Coherence and consistency/uniformity

In addition to the Labour Force Survey Statistics Finland's statistics related to the labour market include the Job Vacancy Survey, the Quality of Work Life Survey, statistics on labour disputes, statistics on accidents at work as well as register-based employment statistics (RES).

Of these the RES provide data on the labour market activities of the population. The data in them differ from those of the Labour Force Survey due to the data collection method and the definitions of the employed and the unemployed. The RES are based on total data derived from the administrative data of different authorities. The RES data on a person's activities mainly describe the last week of the year. RES data on unemployment are based on the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment's register of unemployed job seekers. The statistics take good 18 months to complete; preliminary data are ready within about a year. Since the employment statistics represent total data, they offer better regional data (incl. data by municipality) as well as better data on small population groups, e.g. small industries and occupations, than the Labour Force Survey. The concepts of the employment statistics based on administrative registers are not internationally comparable.

Statistics Finland uses the Labour Force Survey data in the compiling of National Accounts. This is among the reasons why the definitions of the key concepts in the Labour Force Survey, such as population, employment and working hours, follow as closely as possible the recommendations for National Accounts (the UN System of National Accounts, SNA, and the European System of Accounts, ESA). The Labour Force Survey definition of the public sector is somewhat different from the classification of sectors in National Accounts. In National Accounts, conscripts are classified as employed according to ILO recommendations, whereas in the Labour Force Survey conscripts are outside the labour force.

The results from the Finnish Labour Force Survey published by Eurostat, the Statistical Office of the European Communities, differ from those published in Finland in that conscripts are not included in the statistics published by Eurostat. In most EU countries conscripts are not included in the target group of the Labour Force Survey, i.e. population living in private households. This causes differences especially in the results concerning the 15 to 24 age group. In the figures published by Finland persons performing their conscript duty are included in the population outside the labour force.

The Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment also publishes data on unemployed job seekers. The Ministry's data derive from register-based Employment Service Statistics, which describe the last working day of the month. The definition of unemployed applied in the Employment Service Statistics is based on legislation and administrative orders which make the statistical data internationally incomparable. In the Employment Service Statistics an unemployed person is not expected to seek work as actively as in the Labour Force Survey. There are also differences in the acceptance of students as unemployed. More detailed information about differences between the statistics is available:

http://tilastokeskus.fi/til/tyti/tyti 2019-09-13 men 001 en.html.



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Labour Market 2021

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